ADEL ABDESSEMED JE SUIS INNOCENT 3 October 2012 - 7 January 2013

Twisted and contorted aircraft frames. molded and annealed car bodies, rows of entangled barbed wire interspersed with double cutting blades and sharp spikes, boats carrying illegal immigrants are the images that the artist Adel Abdessemed has drawn on since the early 2000s. These images appropriate the forces of violence and destruction. The artist deploys different media (installations. performances, drawings, sculptures, videos) to reflect global conflicts in his works. His work tells a profane and composite mythological storyline with an infinite number of equivalents that reflect the endless emergency of order and harmony from chaos.

Driven by a feeling of historical concern and urgency, the work of Adel Abdessemed fits into the tradition of occidental realism along the lines laid down by Masaccio, Grünewald, Goya or Géricault, at times bringing back to life the fantastical or grotesque figures of the mediaeval illuminations. His work is a series of fusions, movements, fragmentations, star-shaped patterns and disparate themes that interlace and form an ornamental lattice. It is inspired by the power of dreams which carry his images in an endlessly moving process of transformation.

Centre Pompidou

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ORNAMENTS

Adel Abdessemed's work refers to history, using ornaments as a means to transfigure or stylize it. The Twisted aircraft frames in Telle mère tel fils [Like mother like son] (2008) become a huge mesh of meandering shapes. The barbed wire in Wall Drawing (2006) forms perfect circles. The work of Abdessemed is a meshing of repetitive lines and symmetrical or asymmetrical variations inspired by ornamental art. The patterns, whether historical, secular, heroic, erotic, animal or plant related, change constantly, suggesting the infinity. In 2005, Adel Abdessemed threw his camera out of a helicopter. The camera turned and twisted in the sky over the city of Berlin. Schnell: the extreme brevity of the film screen in a loop transforms the free fall into a circular pattern. The Coca cola can in Foot on (2005) or the lemon in Pressoir, fais-le [Oil-press, do it] (2002) explode under the pressure of a hell and turn into percussive and rhythmic devices. In the video God is design (2005), a network of meshed and moving line is projected against a white background. The towering, flat structures in God is design replicate the melodic organization of magâmât (intervals in the Arab musical tradition

CROSS REFERENCES

The work of Adel Abdessemed comprises numerous and complex references and can only be understood in the broad context of the history of art. While the artist's references to the minimalism of the 1960s, such as the simple and circular of Wall Drawing (2006) are clear, the artist goes further back in history to recall the tragic and burlesque pessimism of Goya with Also sprach Allah (2008). In this video, the unshaven artist, wearing socks, thrown into a blanked by henchmen wearing white shirts, tries to write the words that give his title to the work on a mat stretched on the ceiling - a clear reference to Pelele that Goya painted in 1792 and which depicts four young elegant men hurl into the dawn light a dislocated and contorted straw dummy that wears a indecipherable and smiling mask. Adel Abdessemed's work can be analyzed as a journey through history. It brings together and fixes the intensity of the powers that organize and disorganize the world. On the occasion of this exhibition, the Piazza in front of the Centre Pompidou hosts a monumental bronze statue over five meters high. It represents the most famous moment in the final of the 2006 football world cup when Zinedine Zidane head butted Marco Materazzi in reaction to an insult from the Italian player. Entitled Coup de tête [Head butt] (2011-2012), the work highlights the brutality of the physical impact. The context has entirely disappeared; only the spectacular clash between these two giants, suggesting the confrontation between Hercules and Antaeus, a small bronze by Antonio del Pollaiuolo, a 15th century Italian artist representing the Greek hero in a brutal body grip with the giant that he confronts.

DREAMS

Dreams play a prominent role in the works of Adel Abdessemed. In the same way as, in Freudian theory, the day that precedes a dream provides the material for the shaping of dreams, history provide Adel Abdessemed with the material for his works. These elements or events. which Freud called "day dreams", are subsequently transformed through movement and condensation. Pluie noire [Black rain] (2006) is a forest that comprises several other "forests". The four Christs in Décor (2011-2012) comprise barbed wire spiked with razor blades, suggesting that the crowns of thorns invade entire "bodies", The large low relief with its stuffed and charred animals in Who's afraid of the big bad wolf? (2011-2012) simultaneously refers to the martyr

of Guernica and to childhood dreams (the big bad wolf, charred cuddle toys). In the same way as the meaning of a dream is not limited to its storyline and refers back to childhood events and episodes, the works of Adel Abdessemed are not confined to their immediate and occasional origin but suggest are more distant and older dimension comprising an aggregate of images and texts which leave their mark in the artist's memory.

EXHIBITION

CURATOR Philippe-Alain Michaud

ARCHITECTURE

Corinne Marchand

PRODUCTION Claire Blanchon

En partenariat média avec

imRockuptibles



CATALOGUE

Adel Abdessemed. I am innocent

Director: Philippe-Alain Michaud Essays written by Emmanuel Alloa, Hou Hanru, Patricia Falguières, Pamela M. Lee, Tom McDonough and Philippe-Alain Michaud. Co-published by Steidl and Éditions du Centre Pompidou. 248 p., 200 ill. colour. Price : 40¤



AROUND THE EXHIBITION

"UN DIMANCHE, UNE ŒUVRE"

Interview with Adel Abdessemed With Patricia Falguières around Habibti, 2006

2 December, 11.30 am, Petite salle 4.50¤. Reduced rate 3.50¤ Free with the Annual Pass.

GUIDED VISITS

In French Every Saturday at 3.30 pm Wednesday 31 October at 7 pm. 4.50¤, Reduced rate 3.50¤ (+ Museum & exhibitions ticket, reduced rate 10¤) 3.50¤ with the Annual Pass. Meet with purchased tickets at the entrance of the exhibition.

TOURS FOR VISITORS WITH SPECIAL NEEDS

- Lip-reading tour: for hearing impaired persons

Saturday 17 November at 11 am 4.50 including admittance, free for one accompanying person. Reservation required at least 3 days before. Fax 01 44 78 16 62 SMS 06 17 48 45 50 nicole.fournier@centrepompidou.fr

- Visit in sign language for visitors who are deaf or hard of hearing

Saturday 17 November at 2.30 pm. Meet in the Education Area, level 0. 4.50¤, free for accompanying adults Booking compulsory no later than 3 days before. Tel: 01 44 78 49 54.

INFORMATION

01 44 78 12 33 www.centrepompidou.fr

EXHIBITION OPEN TO THE PUBLIC

3 October 2012 to 7 January 2013 Galerie sud, Forum, Piazza Daily, except Tuesday, from 11 am to 9 pm Ticket office closes at 8 pm

ADMISSION

with the "Museum & exhibitions" ticket

13¤, reduced rate 10¤ Valid for same day and single entry to the Museum, all exhibitions and panoramic viewing balcony Free for under 18 year-olds and for Annual Pass holders

On-line ticket purchases and printing

www.centrepompidou.fr/billetterie

TWITTER

More information on the exhibition can be found via Twitter (hashtag #Abdessemed) or via http://www. twitter.com/centrepompidou

Some works of art presented in this exhibition may hurt the publics feelings, particularly those of young children.

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